

# $pH$

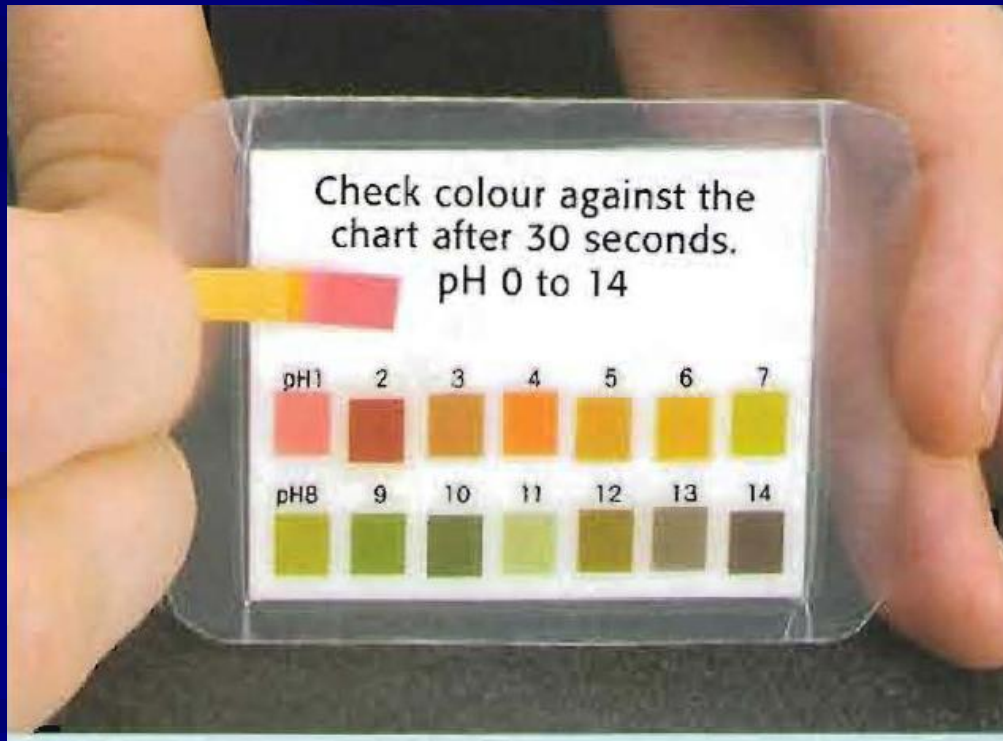
- One property that distinguishes acidic, basic and neutral solutions is their  $pH$ .



- One way is to do a test using a *pH indicator*, which is a chemical compound that changes colour according to the pH of the solution.
- Click the picture to play a video.



- *Universal indicator papers* provide a measure of the pH value.
- Each degree of acidity or alkalinity corresponds to a different color.

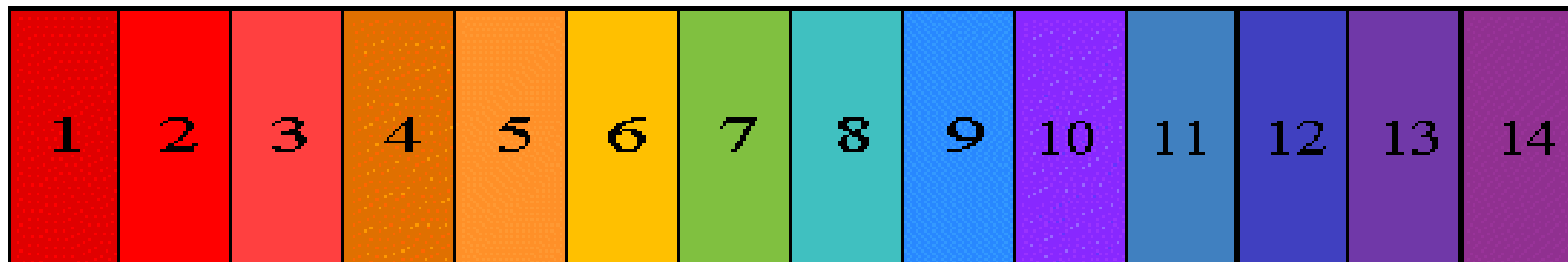


- We can determine the pH of a substance by comparing to a color chart the color of the universal Indicator paper that has been soaked in the substance.

**Acid**

**Neutral**

**Alkali**



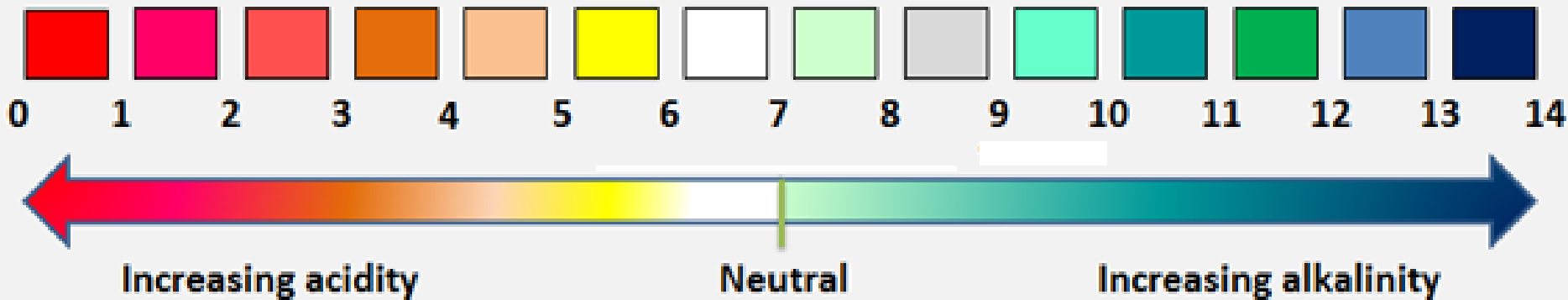
- *The pH meter* is an electronic instrument that directly provides the pH of a substance.
- It uses the capacity of these liquid substances to conduct electrical current.
- The more acidic or basic the substance, the better it conducts electrical current.





# pH Scale

- **pH scale** indicates how acidic or basic a solution is.
- The pH scale ranges from 0 to 14.
- Acidic substances have a pH below 7.



- Basic substances have a pH above 7.
- Substances with a pH of 7 are neither acidic nor basic.
- They are neutral.

## pH Chart

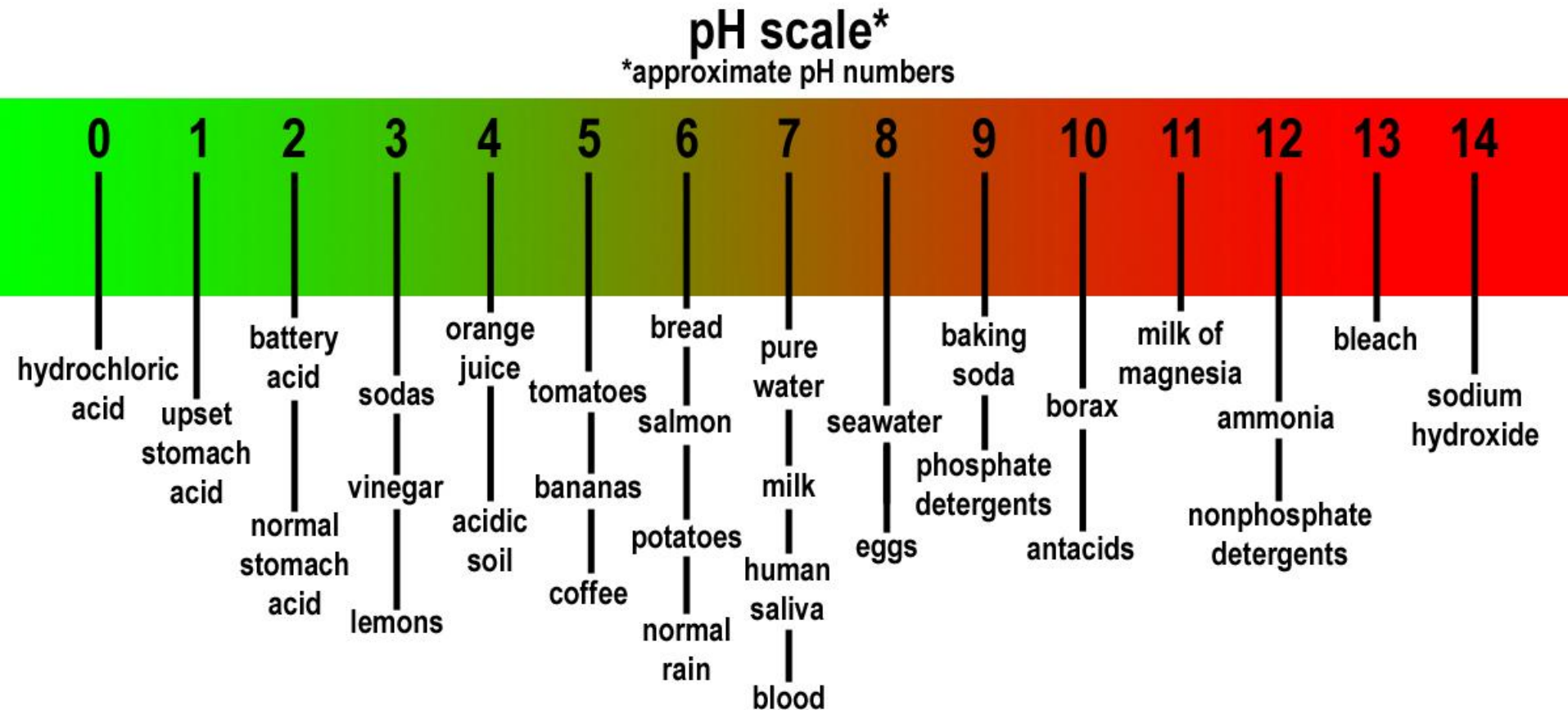


ACIDIC

ALKALINE



- Pure water has a pH of 7.
- As you move along the scale to the left, the substances become increasingly acidic.

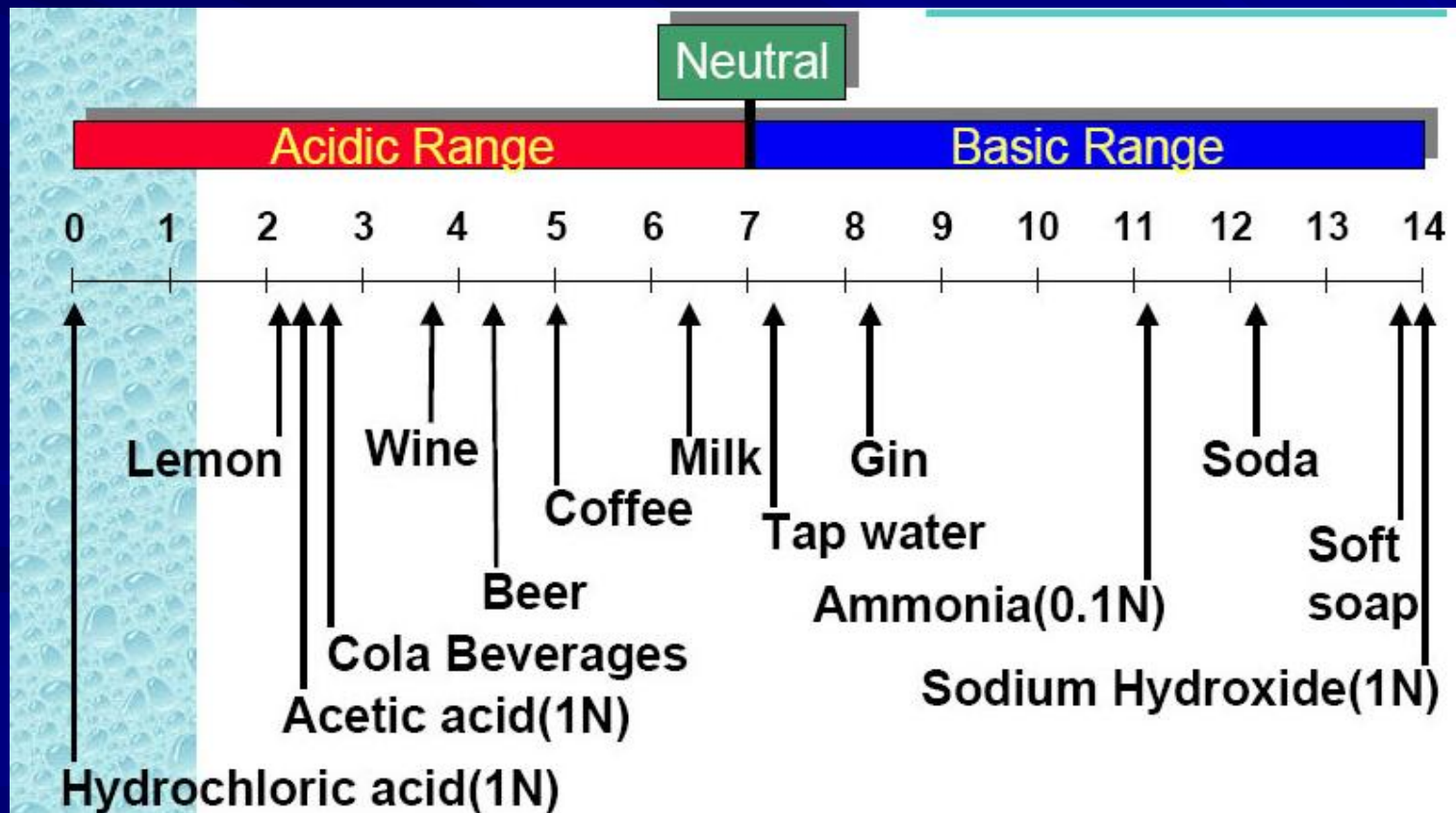




- The most acidic substance on the scale has a pH of about 0.
- As you move to the right of pure water, the substances become increasingly basic.



- The most basic substances have a pH of about 14.
- An apple has a pH of 3, and a lemon has a pH of 2.

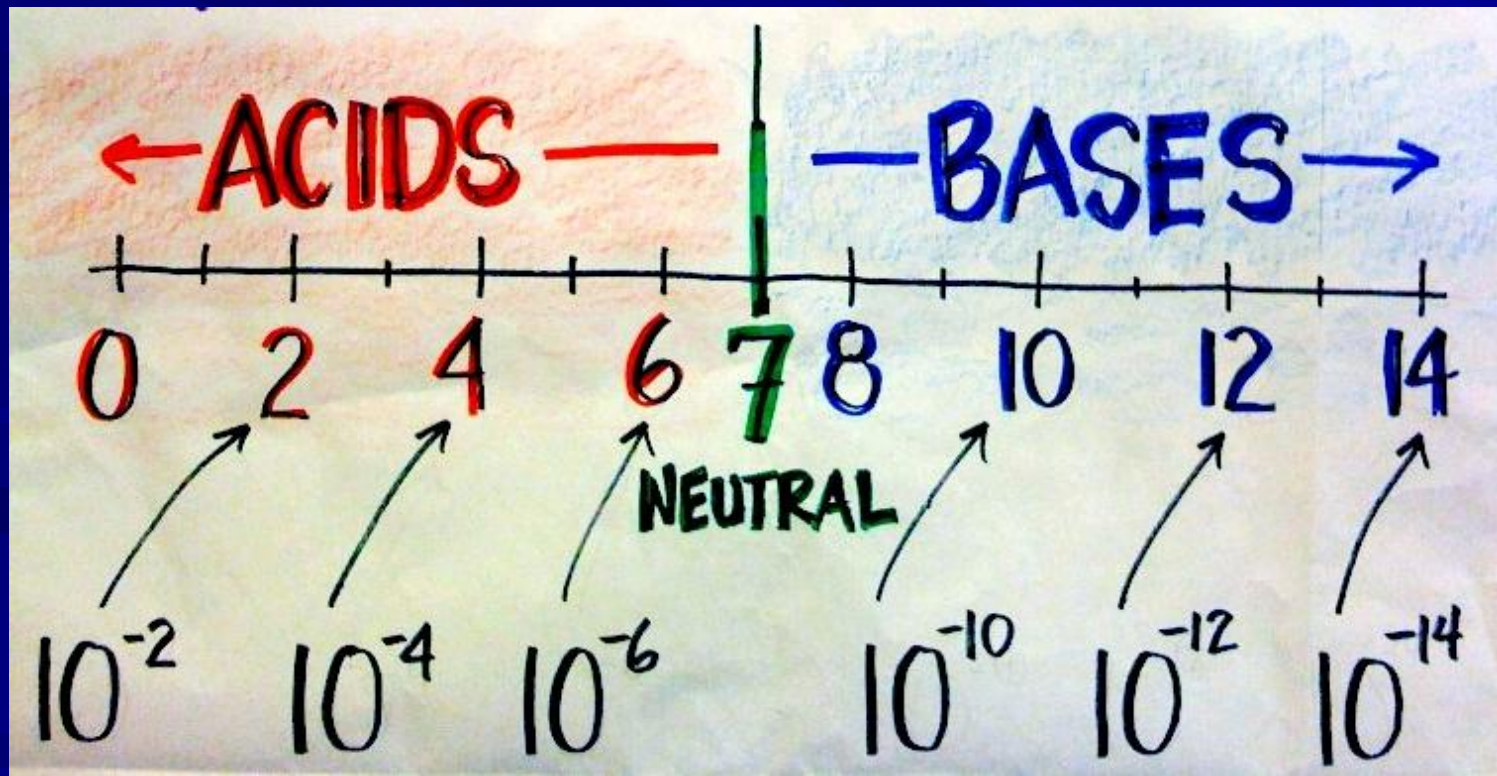


- Does this mean that a lemon is only slightly more acidic than an apple?
- Actually, **every increment on the pH scale represents a factor of 10.**

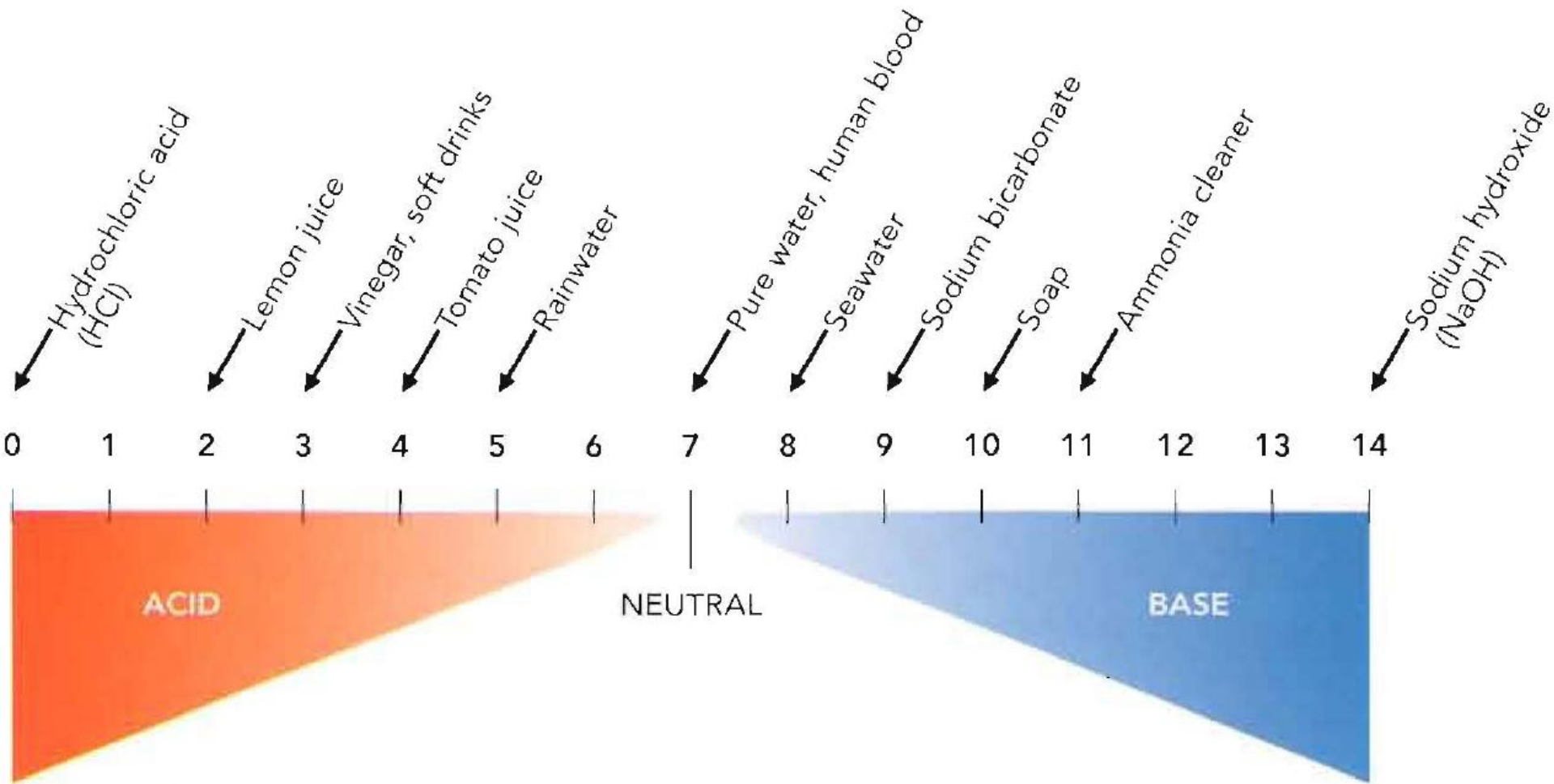




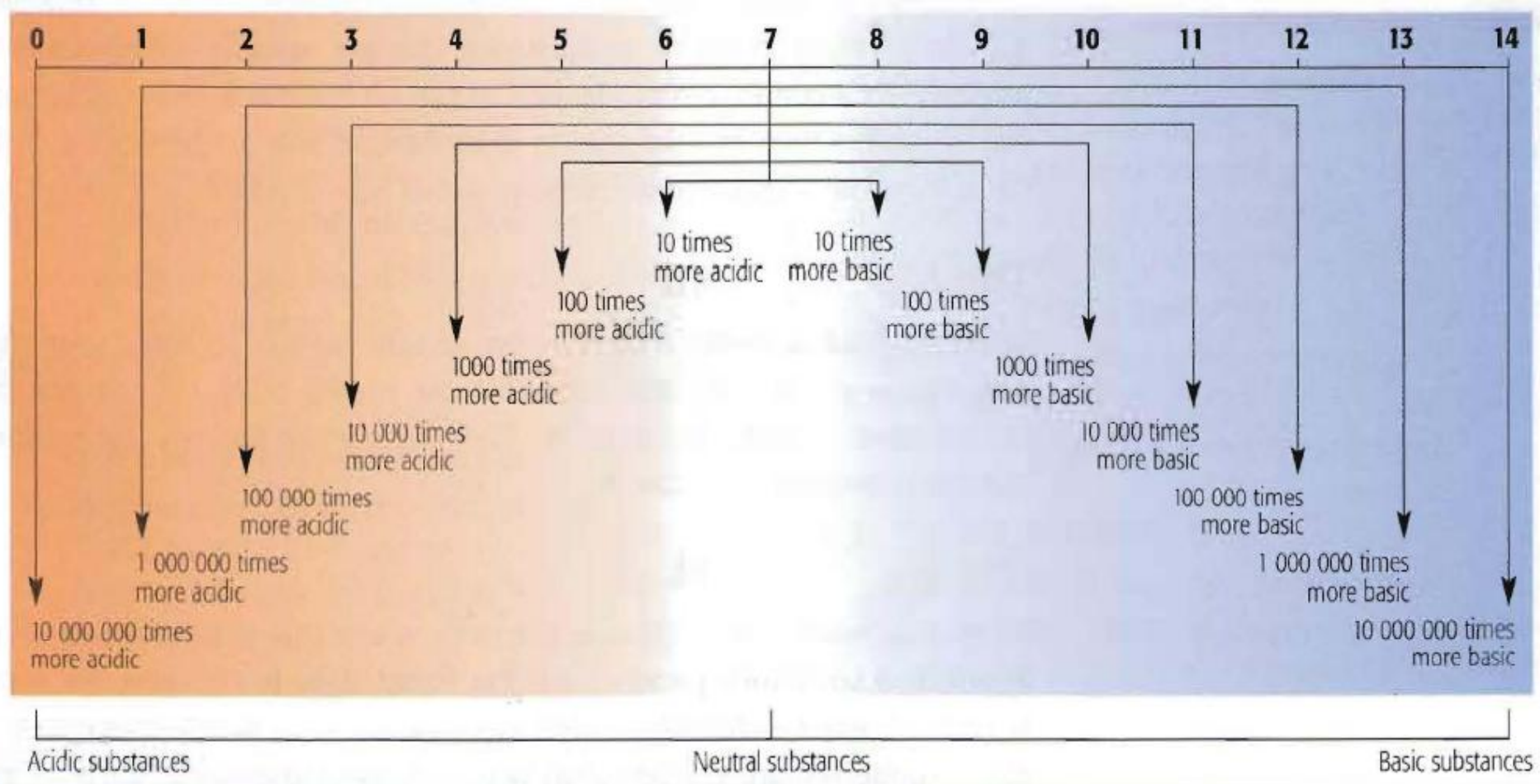
- In other words, a lemon is 10 times more acidic than an apple.
- Similarly, you must divide by 10 every time the pH increases by one.



■ Figure compares the pH of different substances.



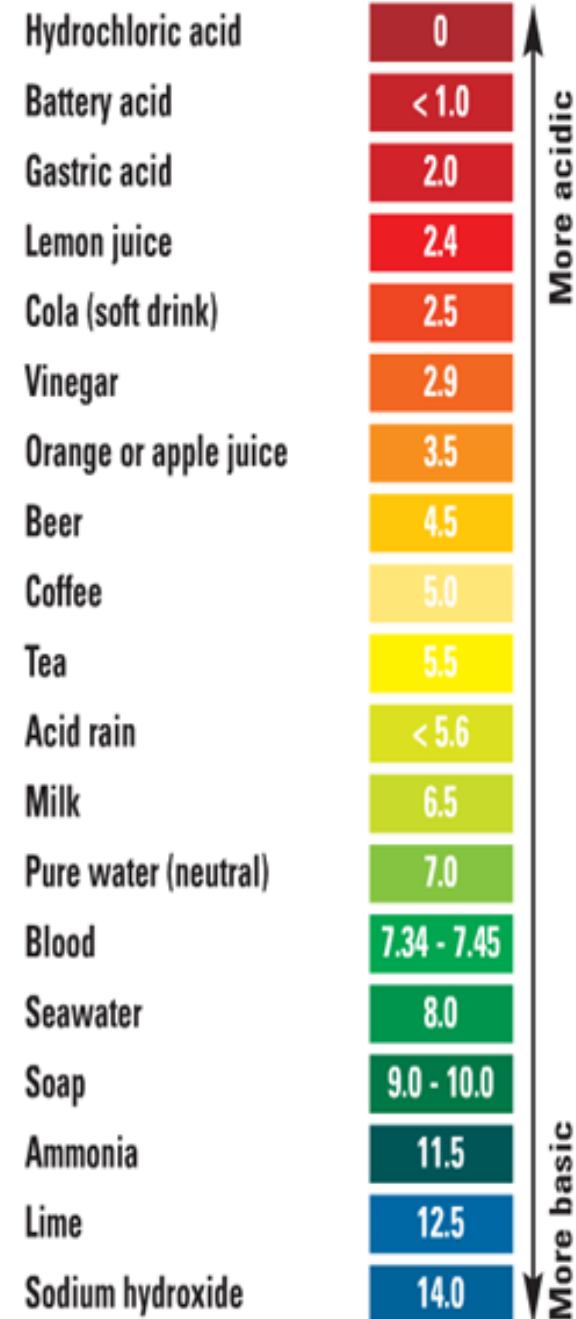




# QUESTIONS:

1. Is a solution with a pH of 5.6 an acid, base or neutral?  
Explain your answer.

A solution with a pH of 5.6 is an acid, since its  $\text{pH} < 7$ .



2. Some soaps have a pH of 10. How many times more acidic is distilled water with pH of 7 than soap?

Distilled water with a pH of 7 is 1 000 times more acidic than the soap with pH of 10, since every increment on the pH scale represents a factor of 10.

1/10,000,000	14
1/1,000,000	13
1/100,000	12
1/10,000	11
1/1,000	10
1/100	9
1/10	8
0	7
10	6
100	5
1,000	4
10,000	3
100,000	2
1,000,000	1
10,000,000	0



# Have a Fireworks of Success With This Lesson



*You are amazing*  
*Thank you*